

## HCN-003-027703

Seat No.

## M. Sc. (Sem. VII) (ECI) (CBCS) Examination

**October - 2017** 

Paper - 27 : Robotics

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code: 027703

1

Time:  $2\frac{\pi}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks: 70

1 Answer the following in brief:

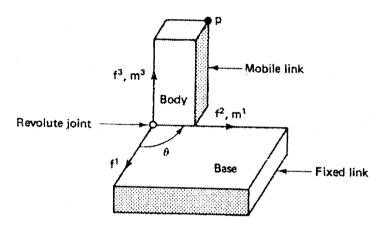
14

(any 7 out of 10, each carry 2 marks)

- (1) Explain Spherical and Non-spherical wrist in brief.
- (2) Explain the Pick and Place and Continuous Path Motion of the robot in brief.
- (3) Which speed profile is suitable for PNP operation? State the reason.
- (4) What is Redundant Axis? How it is useful?
- (5) What is degree of freedom? Explain in brief. What is the relation between degree of freedom and design complexity of robot?
- (6) What is Normal, Sliding and Approach vectors? Explain it with suitable diagram.
- (7) The Adapt one SCARA robot carrying a 2.2 Kg payload along a 700 mm path that consists of six straight line segments has a cycle time of 0.9 second, then what is tool tip speed?
- (8) Prove that  $Rot(\Phi, f^1) * Rot^{-1}(\Phi, f^1) = 1_{4\times 4}$ .
- (9) Define coordinate frame with suitable diagram.
- (10) What is major and minor axis? State its application.

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- 2 Answer the following: (any 2 out of 3, each carry 7 marks)
  - (1) Write a short note on "various robot drives".
  - (2) Explain Work Envelope geometries of Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinated robot with suitable diagram and state their advantages and disadvantages.
  - (3) Find the solution for following problem statements:
    - (i) For the two coordinate shown in figure, suppose the coordinates of the point p with respect to the mobile coordinate frame are measured and found to be  $[p]^M = [0.6, 0.5, 1.4]^T$ . what are the coordinates of p with respect to the fixed coordinate frame F with the body rotated about  $f^3$  axis?
    - (ii) Repeat the above by performing rotation about f<sup>2</sup> axis.
    - (iii) Repeat the above by performing rotation about f<sup>1</sup> axis.

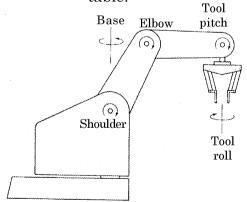


**3** Answer the following: (each carry 7 marks)

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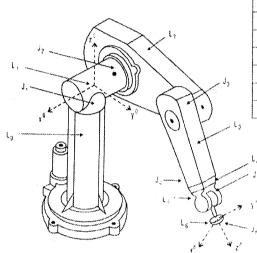
- (1) Write a short note on "industrial automation".
- (2) Draw the link coordinate diagram of the robot (Microbot alpha II) shown below whose parameters are given in table.



Axis	θ	d	а	α	Home
1	$\theta_{_1}$	215 mm	0	-∏/2	0
2	θ	0	177.8 mm	0	0
3	$\theta_{_3}$	0	177.8 mm	0	0
4	θ <sub>4</sub>	0	0	-∏/2	-∏/2
5	θς	129.5 mm	0	0	0.

OR

- (1) Explain "Robot anatomy" in brief.
- (2) Draw the link coordinate diagram of the robot (Six axis Puma) shown below whose parameters are given in table.

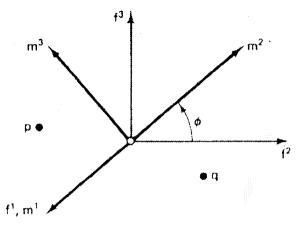


Joint i	θί	Ωų	a <sub>i</sub>	d;	Joint range
1	90°	~90°	0	0	-160° to 160°
2	0	0	431.8 mm	149.09 mm	−225° to 45°
3	90°	90°	-20.32 mm	0	-45° to 225°
4	0	-90°	0	433.07 mm	-110° to 170°
5	0	90°	0	0	-100° to 100°
6	0	0°	0	56.25 mm	-266° to 260°

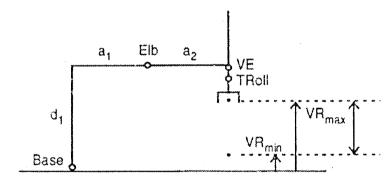
4 Answer the following: (each carry 7 marks)

14

- (1) Draw the block diagram of SCARA robot, explain function of each joint and state their advantages and disadvantages.
- (2) Find the solution for following problem statements:
  - (i) Refer to the figure, where the mobile coordinate frame M is rotated about the  $f^1$  axis of the fixed coordinate frame F. let ( $\Phi = \Pi/3$  radians be the amount of rotation. Suppose p is a point whose coordinate in the mobile coordinate frame are  $[p]^M = [2, 0, 3]^T$ . What are the coordinates of p in the fixed coordinate frame F.
  - (ii) If the coordinate of q is given in fixed coordinate frame as  $[q]^F = [3, 4, 0]^T$ , what are the coordinate of q with respect to mobile coordinate frame M?
  - (iii) Repeat 1 for rotation of 60° about V and -60° about f<sup>2</sup>
  - (iv) Repeat 1 for rotation of 60° about f<sup>3</sup> and -60° about f<sup>3</sup>



- 5 Answer the following: (any 2 out of 4, each carry 7 marks) 14
  - (1) Suppose we rotate the tool as align to roll axes of the fixed axes starting with a yaw of  $\Pi/2$  followed by a pitch of  $-\Pi/2$ , finally, a roll of  $\Pi/2$ . What is the composite rotation matrix? Suppose point p at the tool tip has mobile coordinates  $[p]^M = [0,0,0.6]^T$ . Find  $[p]^F$  following the yaw-pitch-roll transformation? Verify this by sketching the tool.
  - (2) Explain Reach and stroke of the robot in brief. Find the minimum and maximum horizontal Reach of the SCARA robot shown below.



- (3) Calculate the precision of cylindrical robot with suitable diagram if it has maximum radial distance of r and arc swept length of  $\Phi$ .
- (4) Write steps of D-H algorithm with suitable flow chart.